anything

《中学英语语法》

P62

any, anyone, anybody, anything一般用于否定句和疑问句

I don’t need anything.

any用于肯定句时表示“任何...”

He is always making great efforts to do **anything** worth doing.

他一向努力做任何值得做的事。

牛津高阶

anything

1)“任何东西，任何事物”

用于否定句、疑问句，也用于if或whether之后，或紧接prevent/ban/avoid等动词，代替something

Would you like anything else?

There’s never anything worth watching on TV.

If you remember anything at all, please let us know.

We hope to prevent anything unpleasant from happening.

2) 随便哪个东西，随便什么事物

I’m so hungry, I’ll eat **anything**.

3) 重要东西/事物

Is there anything in these rumors?

朗文当代

1）“某事物”用于疑问句

Is there anything I can do to help?

2）任何事物都（没有）用于否定句

Don’t do anything until we get there.

3) 任何事物，无论何事

You can buy **anything** you want.

You can write about swimming, skiing or **anything** else you enjoy doing.

柯林斯

1）用于否定句、疑问句和条件句中

I didn’t say anything.

If anything should happen, I can take care of myself.

2）用于肯定句中

无论什么事物（或事件、想法），随便什么东西

The situation was very tense; **anything** might happen.

To me, it’s more important than **anything** else.

\*anything but

The job was anything but funny. 工作毫无趣味。

2020宝山二模卷语法22

When the success of the company rests on your shoulders, you've always got an excuse to put (22) \_\_\_\_\_ else on hold.

答案为everything

感觉填anything没有everything好，如果把后半句改成you’ve always got an excuse to put your family life, friendships or anything else on hold.读起来就顺多了

anything else前最好有同一类事物

You can write about swimming, skiing or **anything** else you enjoy doing.

To me, it’s more important than **anything** else.

两句都有和anything else同类的事物（第一句是明显表达出来的，第二句是暗含的，即都属于重要的事，比较谁更重要）